ERRATUM

Nobody is perfect and everybody makes mistakes sometimes. We apologize to the author and to our readers for the mistake in the article:

Ronny Wagner

How to Analyze Film-Forming Amines – Analytical Methods and Best Practices *PPCHEM* **2025**, 27(1), 38–42

The Table 1 on page 40 is incorrect.

The analytical method used in the Chemetrics FFA Test Kit is methyl orange extraction, not rose bengal reaction. In addition, the respective source references were missing for the analytical methods.

Please find the corrected Table 1 below.

The corrected version of the paper (a PDF file) is available to all readers at our homepage journal.ppchem.com.

	Laboratory Methods		Field Test		Online
	Silverstein Method [3]	Hach Method 10317 [5]	Lovibond Tablets [6]	CHEMetrics FFA Test [7]	Waltron FFA Analyzer [8]
Analytical method	Methyl orange extraction	Rose bengal reaction	Bromocresol green reaction	Methyl orange extraction	Rose bengal reaction
Measuring range	0.02-2.00 mg·L ⁻¹	0.02-3.00 mg·L ⁻¹	1–10 mg·L ⁻¹	0.05-1.00 mg·L ⁻¹	0.00-0.50 mg·L ⁻¹
Advantages	 Standard laboratory chemicals High accuracy Sample transport possible 	■ High accuracy ■ No chloroform necessary		■ Easy to use ■ Can be used as a rapid test ■ Sufficient accuracy	■ Continuous measurement ■ High accuracy ■ No additional laboratory required
Disadvantages	■ Use of chloro- form ■ Photometer required ■ Chemical han- dling requires laboratory practice	 Only works with Hach photom- eters (program required) Sample needs to be analyzed quickly 	■ Use of chloro- form ■ Low accuracy ■ Sample needs to be analyzed quickly	■ Sample needs to be analyzed quickly ■ High cost per analysis	■ High investment costs ■ Maintenance
Number of analyses	_	100	100/250	20	_
Cost per analysis	€€	€€	€	€€€	€

Table 1:

An overview of the discussed test methods.

